

Cloud by default, Cloud NATIVE by default

김명신 CTO NHN Cloud



Who is father of Cloud Computing?

"미래의 컴퓨터가 내가 주장하는 형태로

발전한다면, 언젠가 컴퓨팅은 전화 시스템과

같은 공공 유틸리티 시설로서 구성될 것이다.

또한 이때의 유틸리티 컴퓨팅 환경은

주요 산업의 기반이 될 것이다."



Origin of Cloud Symbol

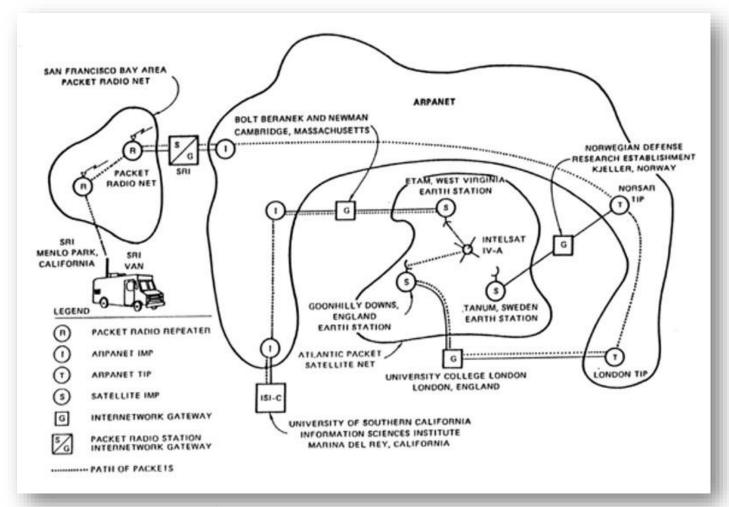


Diagram of the Multinetwork Demonstration, ARPANET, 1977

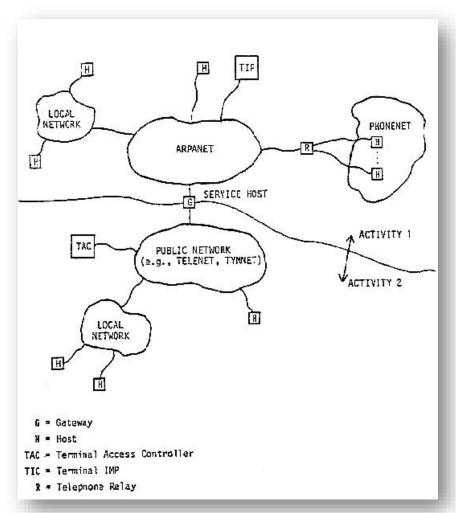
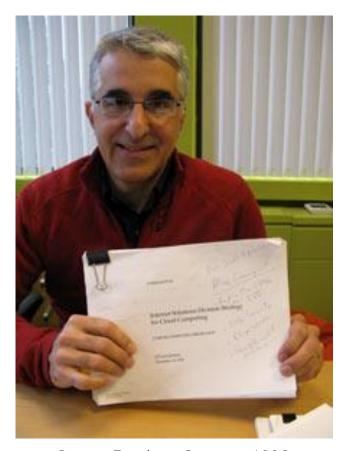


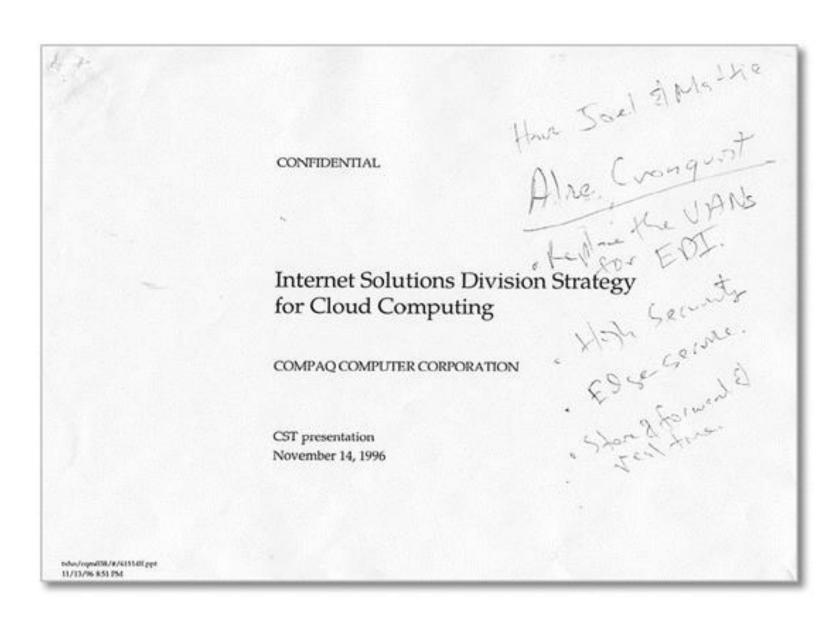
Diagram of CSNET, 1981



Who is father of Cloud Computing?



George Favaloro, Compaq, 1996



Modern Cloud Service Provider

Announcing Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) - beta

Posted On: Aug 24, 2006

Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) is a web service that provides resizable compute capacity in the cloud. It is designed to make web-scale computing easier for developers. Just as Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) enables storage in the cloud, Amazon EC2 enables "compute" in the cloud. Amazon EC2's simple web service interface allows you to obtain and configure capacity with minimal friction. It provides you with complete control of your computing resources and lets you run on Amazon's proven computing environment. Amazon EC2 reduces the time required to obtain and boot new server instances to minutes, allowing you to quickly scale capacity, both up and down, as your computing requirements change. Amazon EC2 changes the economics of computing by allowing you to pay only for capacity that you actually use.



History of Public Cloud Service













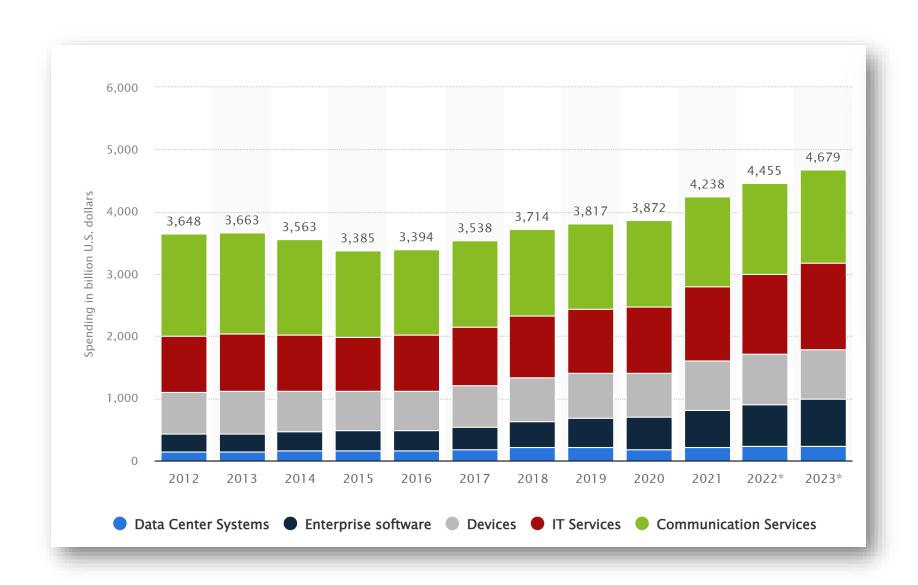




정말로 클라우드가 대세일까?

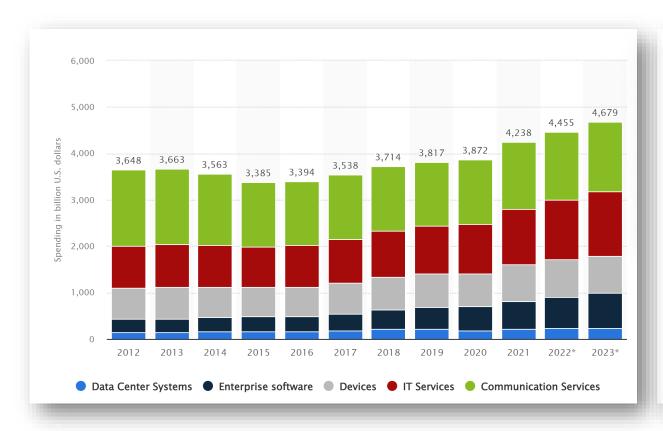


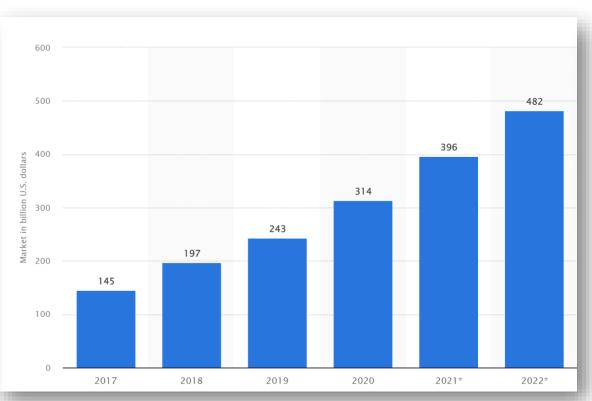
전 세계 IT 시장 전망





전 세계 IT & 클라우드 시장 전망



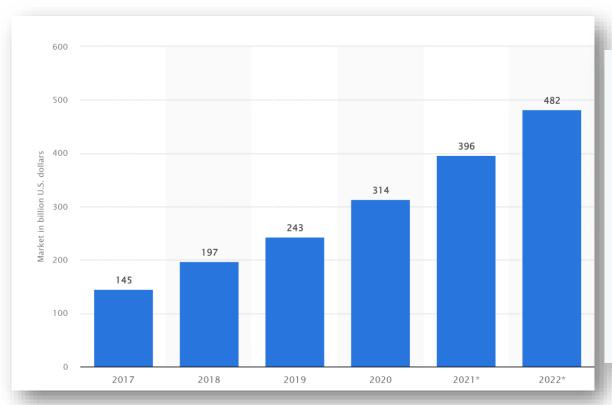


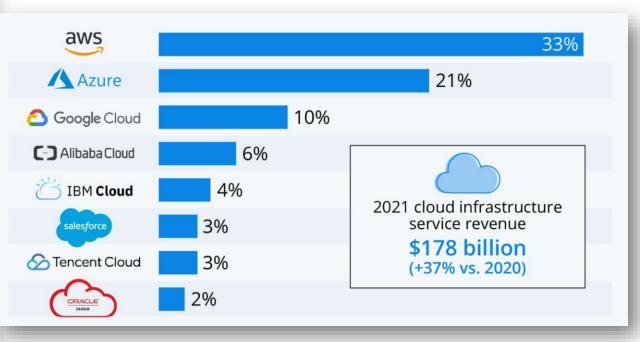
전세계 IT 시장 전망

퍼블릭 클라우드 서비스 최종 사용자 지출



전 세계 클라우드 시장 전망 & 퍼블릭 클라우드 시장 현황





퍼블릭 클라우드 서비스 최종 사용자 지출

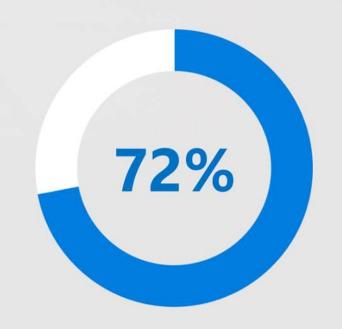
주요 퍼블릭 클라우드 기업 시장 현황



72%

of IT budgets are put aside to 'keep the lights on'.

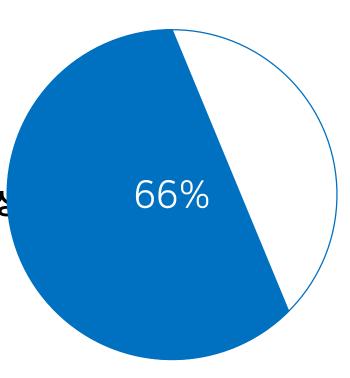
Gartner





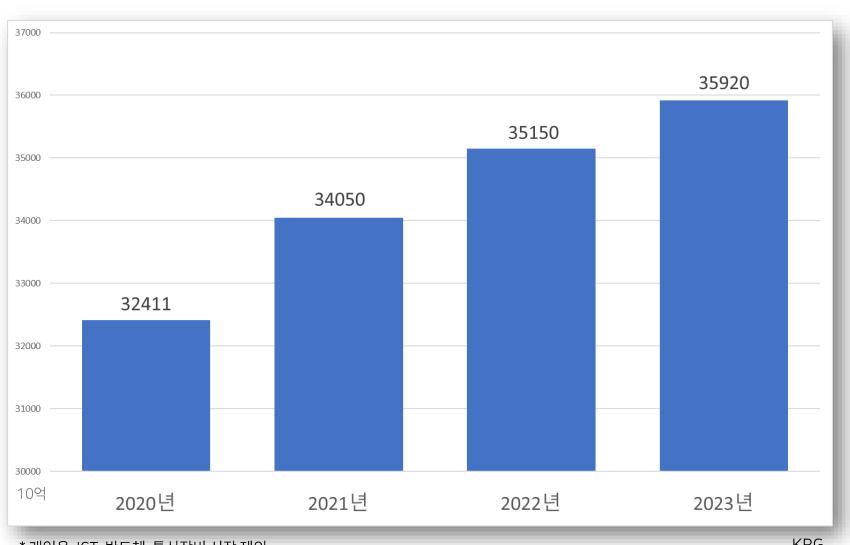
Cloud by Default? Cloud by Default!

- 기업 내 IT 예산 중 72%는 기존 시스템의 유지 보수에 투입
- 전 세계 IT Market은 2022년 기준 4,455 B\$ 예상
- 이 중 Data Center, Enterprise Software, IT Services가 약 50%
- → 약 600 B\$ 정도가 신규 서비스 도입 및 개발에 사용될 것으로 예상
- 전 세계 클라우드 시장의 규모는 2022년 기준 396 B\$ 예상
- 이 중, Cloud Infrastructure Service가 178 B\$로 약 45%
- 2021년 클라우드 시장은 연간 약 37% 성장





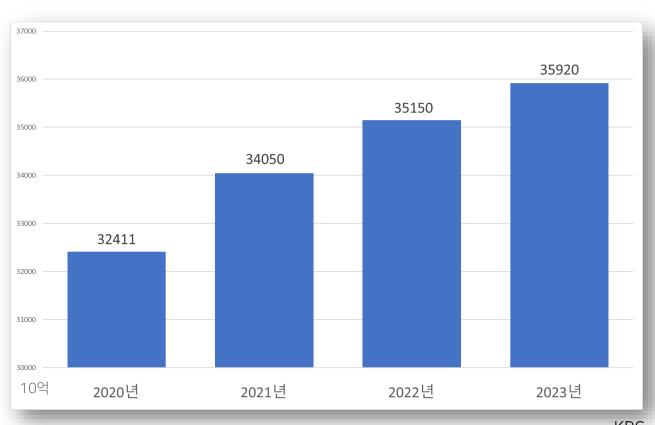
국내 기업용 IT 시장 전망

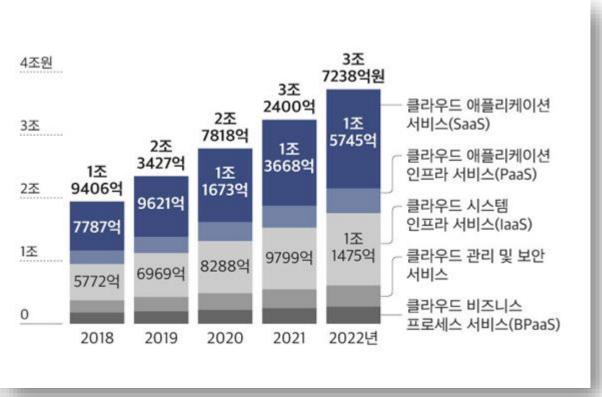


^{*} 개인용, ICT, 반도체, 통신장비 시장 제외



국내 기업용 IT 시장 전망 & 국내 퍼블릭 클라우드 시장 전망





KRG

Gartner

국내 기업용 IT 시장 전망

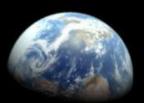
국내 퍼블릭 클라우드 서비스 최종 사용자 지출



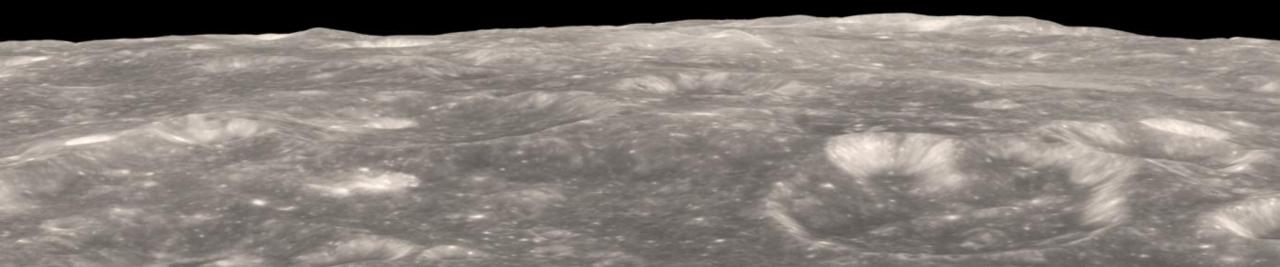
Cloud By Default



What is Cloud?

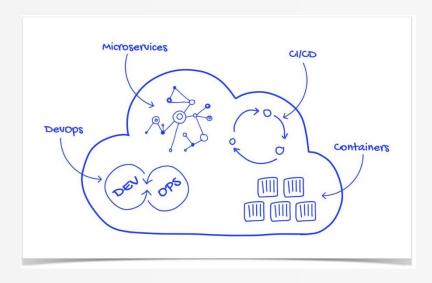


Remote Distributed Computing Environment





Cloud NATIVE By Default





Cloud Native

Cloud native technologies empower organizations to build and run scalable applications in modern, dynamic environments such as public, private, and hybrid clouds.

Containers, service meshes, microservices, immutable infrastructure, and declarative APIs exemplify this approach.

These techniques enable loosely coupled systems that are resilient, manageable, and observable. Combined with robust automation, they allow engineers to make high-impact changes frequently and predictably with minimal toil.



Why Cloud Native?

Speed & Flexibility



Organizations spend a significant portion of their time and effort managing infrastructure: provisioning, configuring, and managing resources.

Cost efficiency



Cloud transformation frees up costs associated with fixed resources. Maintenance needs and physical demands shrink as capacity is transferred to the cloud.

Extensibility



It's important for enterprises to continually innovate and add features to established products and services.





Motivators

84%

Improve application performance

78%

Roll out new features fast 63%

Automate application development

71%

Reduce dependencies

79%

Reduce application downtime

75%

Easier application management

64%

Improve application quality

41%

Support polyglot

57%

Multi-cloud deployment

75%

Greater scalability

60%

Match applications to cloud

53%

Leverage containers microservices

72%

Share information



Cloud Native Technical Elements

Cloud Infrastructure

Public, Private, Hybrid









Provisioning

Automation & Configuration, Container Registry, Security & Compliance, Key Management











Runtime

Cloud Native Storage, Container Runtime, Cloud Native Network, Serverless









Orchestration & Management

Scheduling & Orchestration, Coordination & Service Discovery, Remote Procedure Call, Service Proxy, API Gateway, Service Mesh













App Definition and Development

Database, Streaming & Messaging, Application Definition & Image Build, Continuous Integration & Delivery





Monitoring, Logging, Tracing, Chaos Engineering, Continuous Optimization















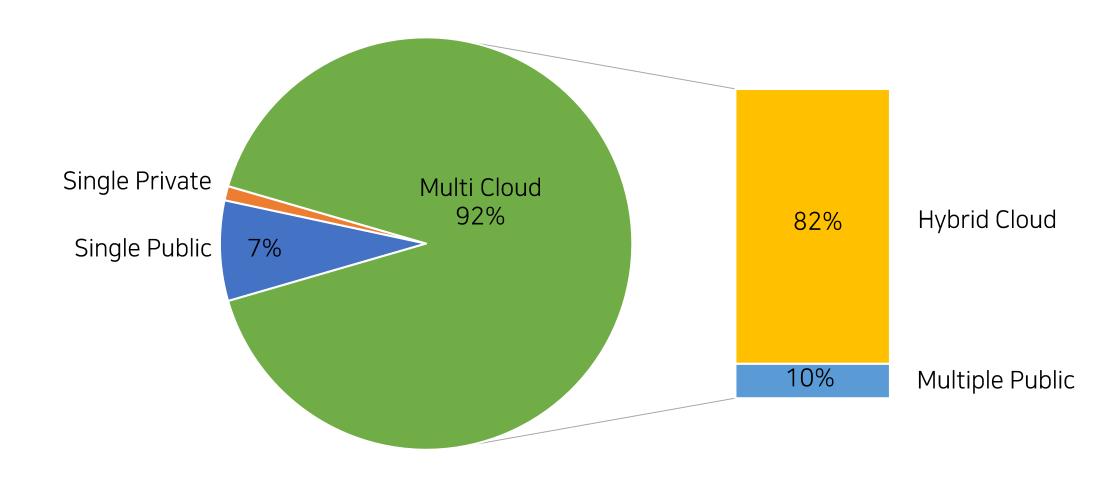


Single Cloud? Multi Cloud?

- B2C Web/App Biz. Company, Startups
- Managed Service Provider
- Cloud based Solution/Software Company
- Company has own IT resources



Enterprise Cloud Strategy





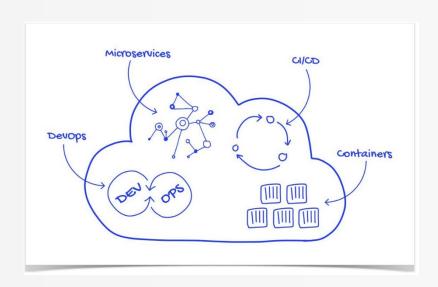
4 Key Principles of Cloud Native Development

Portability의 관점

Architecture의 관점

운영 및 구성의 관점

문화 및 조직 운영의 관점





4 Key Principles of Cloud Native development

Architecture

Portability

운영 및 구성

문화 및 조직 운영

Microservices

대규모 시스템을 독립적으 로 배포 가능하고, 고유의 Life cycle을 가지며, 단일 역할을 수행하는 Service의 조합으로 구조화 하는 방식

독립적으로 빠르게 배포하

Containerization

고 수행할 수 있도록 소프트 웨어를 구성하는 자산을 패 키지화 하는 방식

Continuous Delivery

소프트웨어를 개발, 테스트, 배포하는 과정을 짧은 사이 클로 지속 반복하는 소프트 웨어 인도 방식

DevOps

개발팀과 운영팀 간의 소통 과 협업을 더욱 개선하기 위 한 방법론

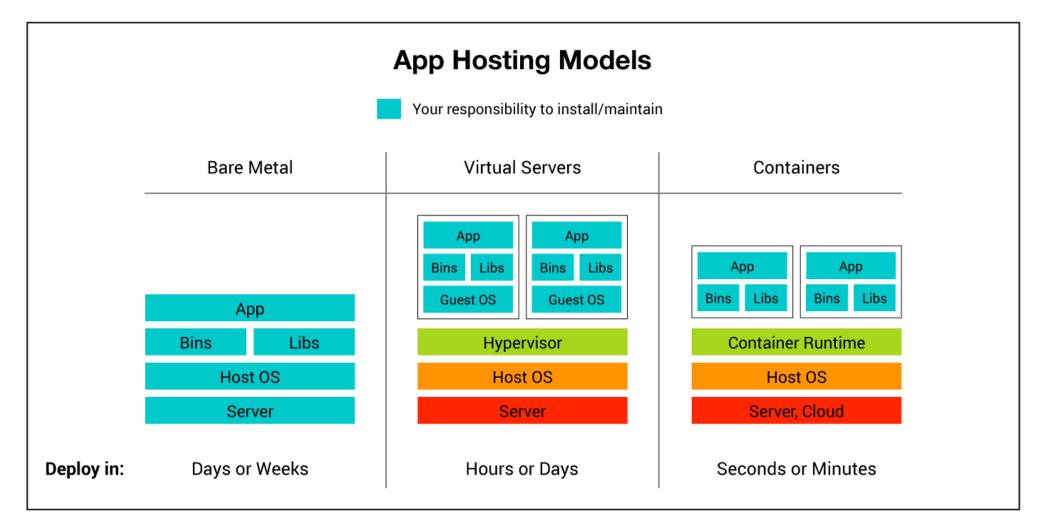








Bare Metal & Virtual Server & Containers



Machine != Server != Application(Service)

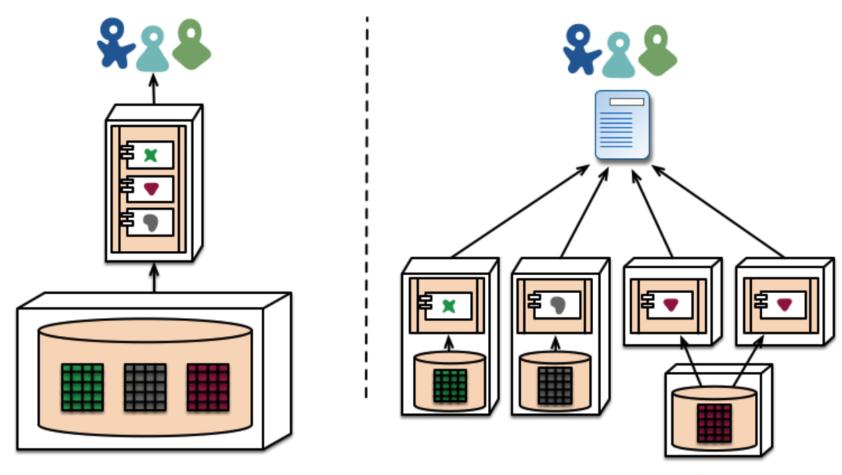
Containerization

- Application Package 방법
- Application 수행 환경 Virtualization
- Portability 증대
- 배포/기동 시간 감소
- 동일 Kernel이 필요
- Container Engine이 필요
- 대체로 Container Orchestration,
 Container Management가 함께 사용





Microservices Architecture



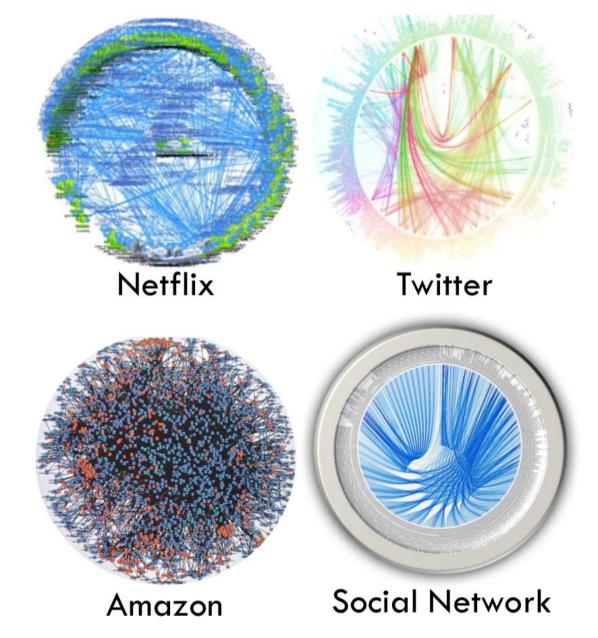
monolith - single database

microservices - application databases



Microservices Architecture

- 단일의 역할만을 수행하도록 개발
- 독립적으로 배포, 기동, 종료 가능한 Service
- 개선/수정 사항을 빠르게 배포 가능
- 확장성 증가
- 전체 시스템의 안정성, 가용성 획기적 개선
- 분산 트랜잭션 처리 어려움
- Service 간 통신 비용 발생
- Service 배포, 테스트의 복잡성 증가
- Services 모니터링 및 장애 대응 복잡성 증가

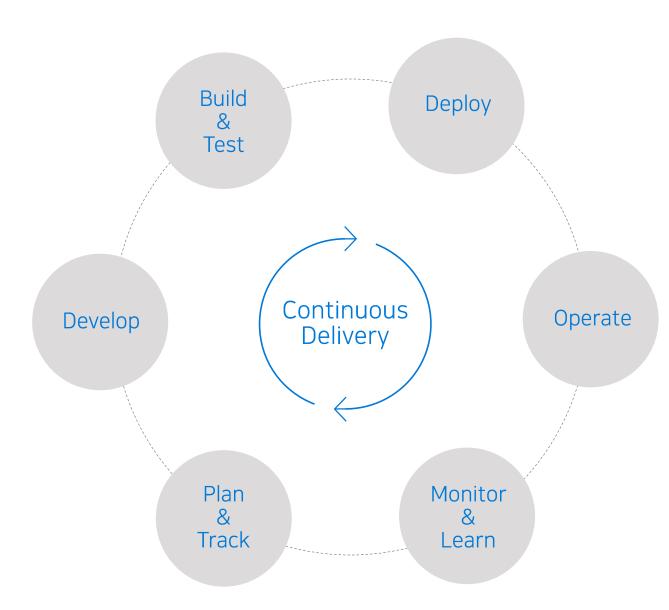




DevOps



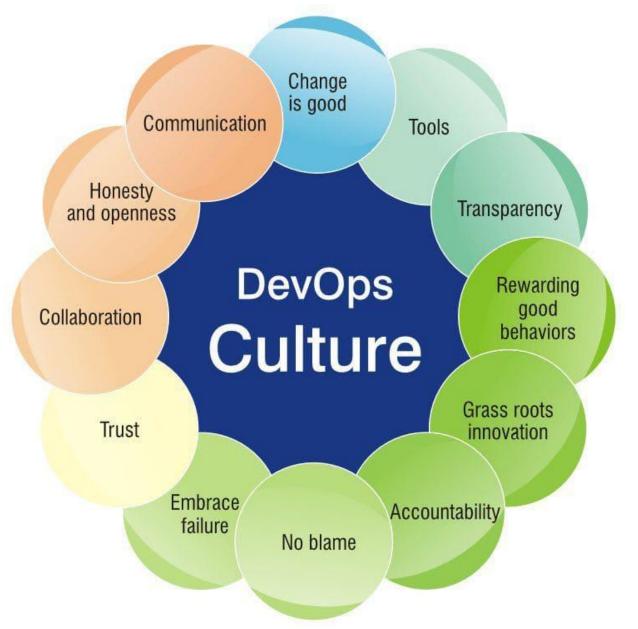
DevOps is the union of people, process, and products to enable continuous delivery of value to your end users.



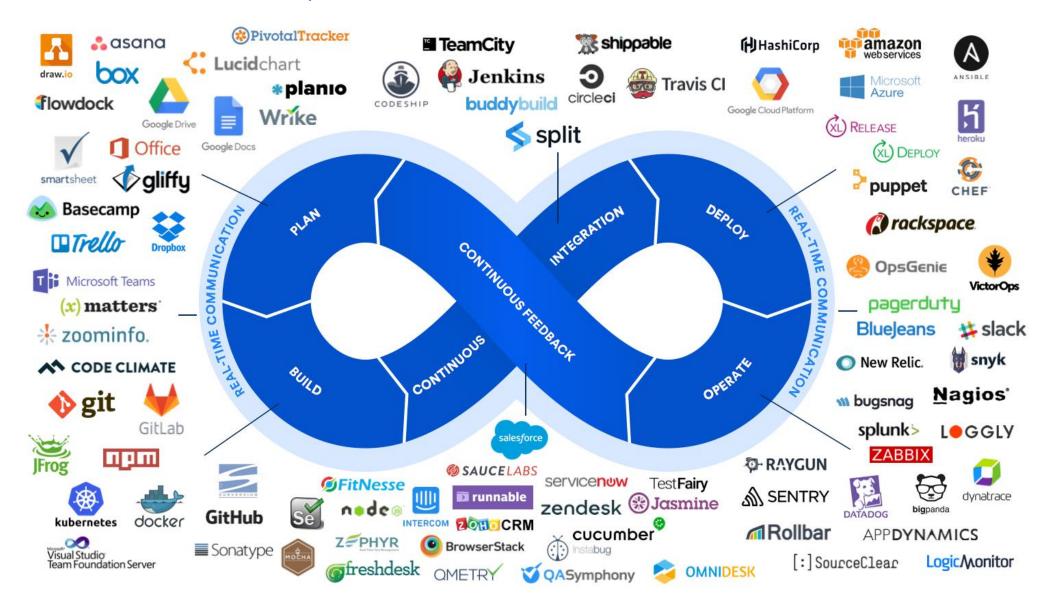


DevOps

- 기능적으로 다른 역할을 수행하는 팀과의
 소통과 협업을 강화하기 위한 방법론
- 사람, 문화, 절차 등을 개발하고 개선
- 조직의 협력 개선
- 배포 사이클을 가속화
- 장기간에 걸친 광범위한 투자 필요
- 사람, 문화, 절차 개발, 개선 없이 도구에만 집중 하는 문제



Continuous Delivery



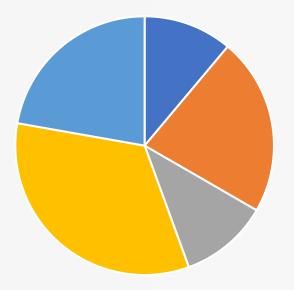


Continuous Delivery

- 더 자주, 더 빠르게 애플리케이션 출시
- 빌드 자동화, 테스트 자동화, 배포 자동화 등
- 개선/수정 사항을 빠르게 배포 가능
- 생산성, 효율성 증가
- Human Error를 줄여 신뢰할 수 있는 배포
- 적용할 수 있는 Domain에 한정적
- 개발, 테스트, 배포 자동화를 위한 환경 구성이 어려움
- 자동화 수준의 다양한 한계가 상존



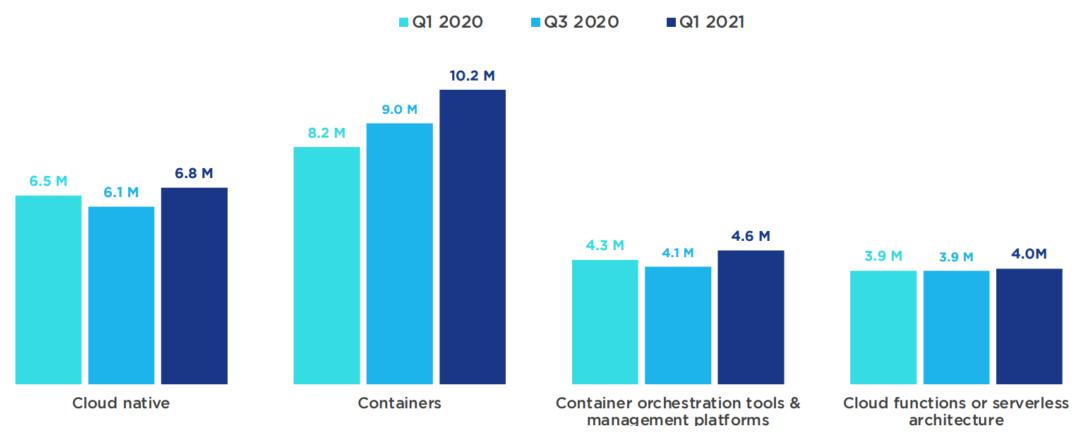
시장 동향





Cloud Native Developer Population

Active cloud native developers (in millions)



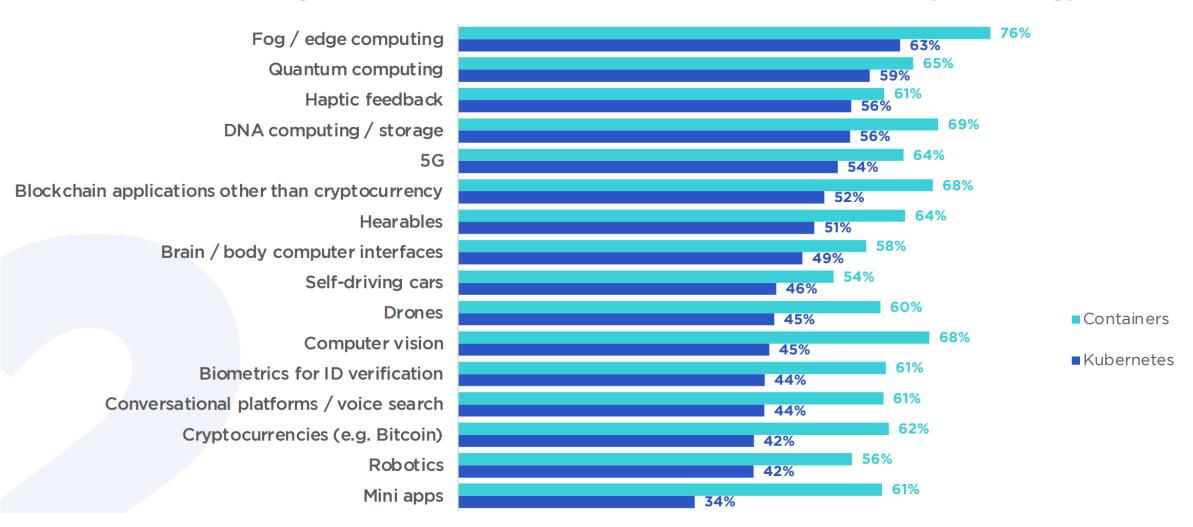
The State of Cloud Native Development, CNCF



Kubernetes and container usages

% of backend developers using containers and Kubernetes by area of involvement (Q1 2021 n=6,927)

Usage of Kubernetes and containers in the last 12 months by technology

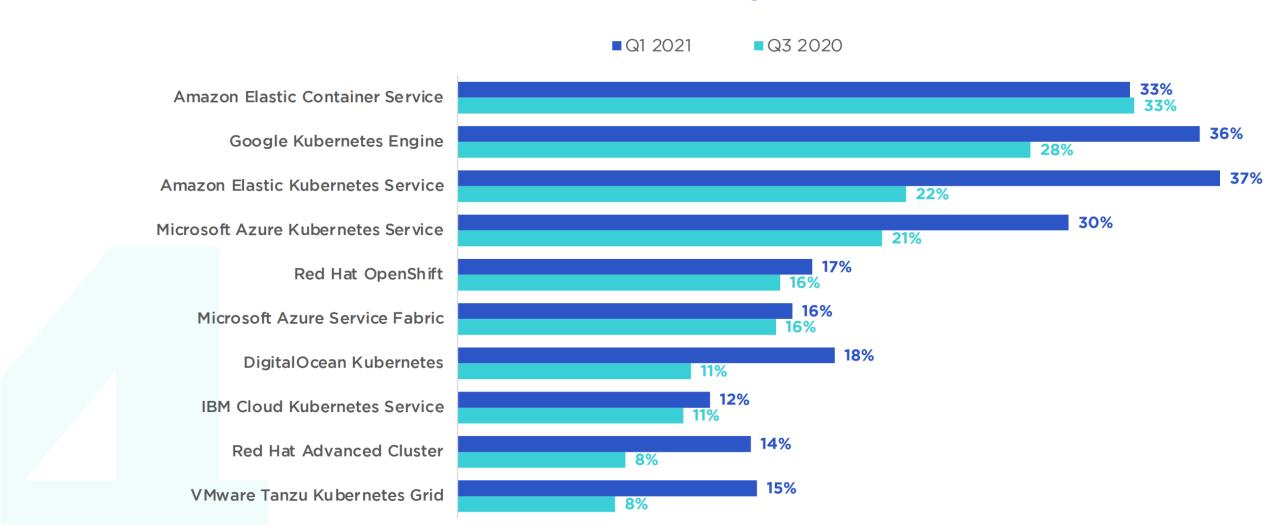




Usage Trends of Orchestration

% of backend developers (n=873)

Orchestration solutions usage trends

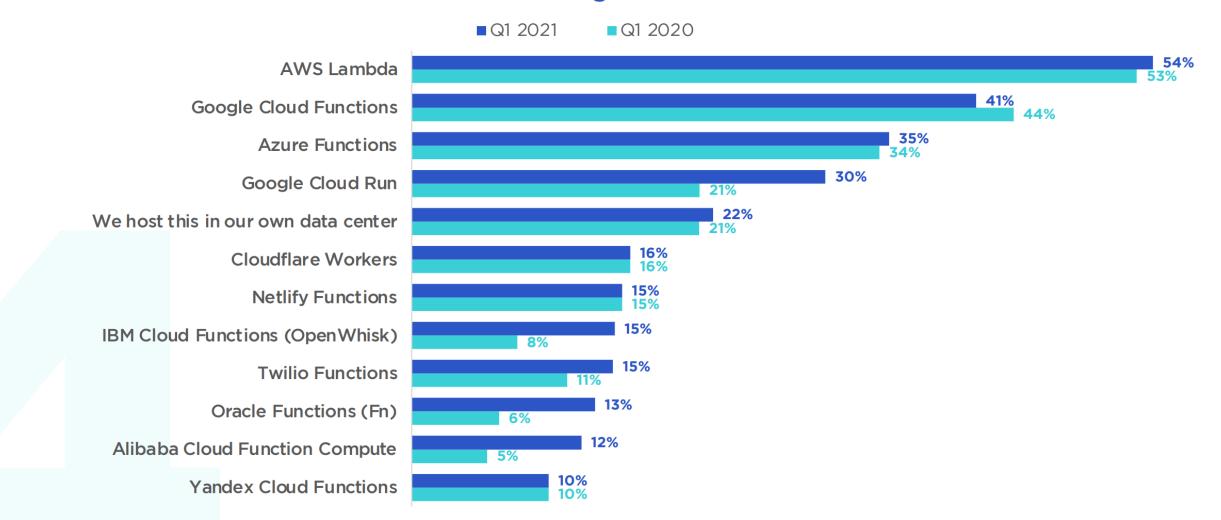




Usage Trend of Serverless Tools

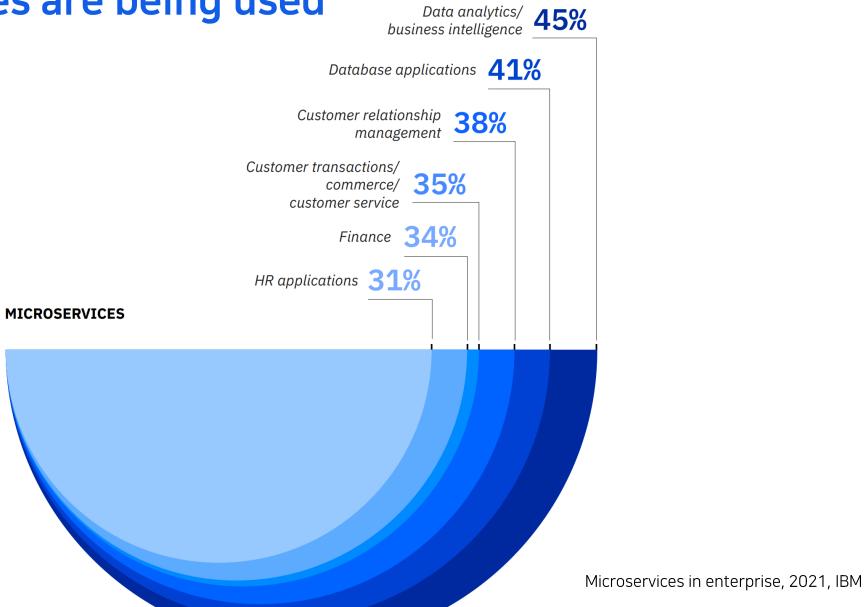
% of backend developers (Q1 2020 n=960 | Q1 2021 n=802)

Serverless solutions usage trends Q1 2020 - Q1 2021

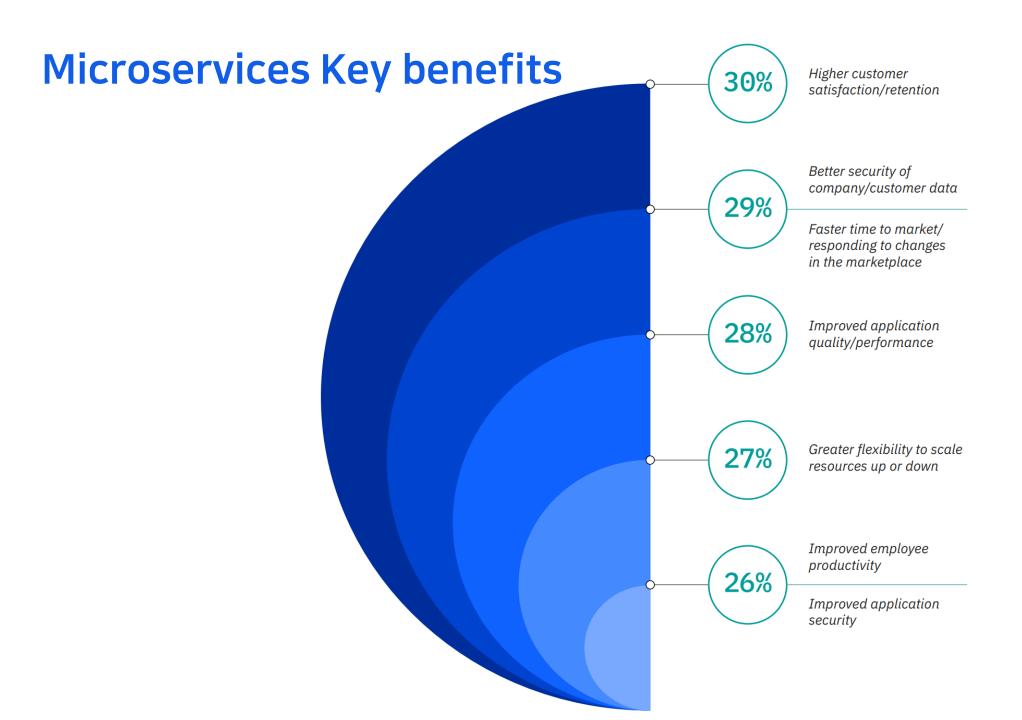




How microservices are being used

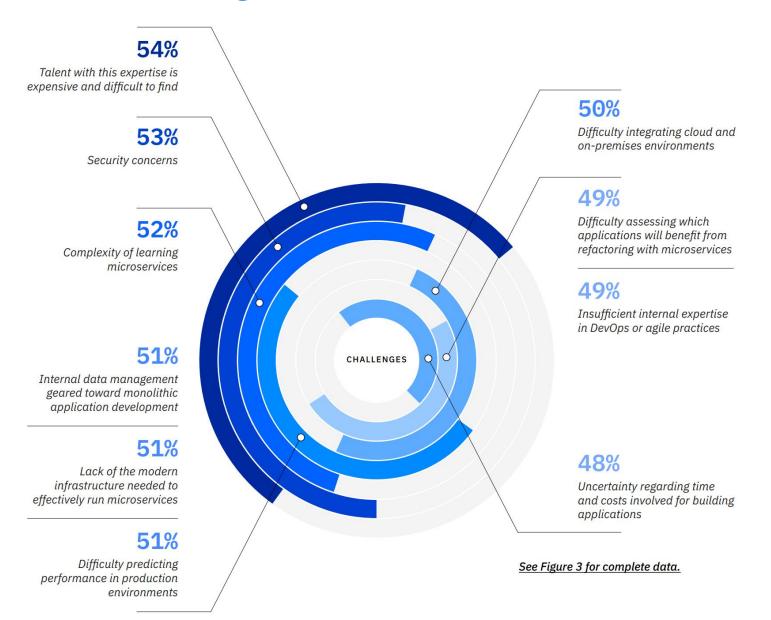








Microservices Challenges





Future of Cloud Native



55%

향후 12개월내에 개발되는 앱의 55%는 Cloud Native 형태로 개발될 것으로 예상



75%

향후 3년 이내에 Cloud App이 아닌 App의 75% 가 Cloud 환경으로 이관 될 것으로 예상



25%

현재 Cloud App의 25% 는 Cloud Native 형태로 완전히 재개발 될 것으로 예상



42%

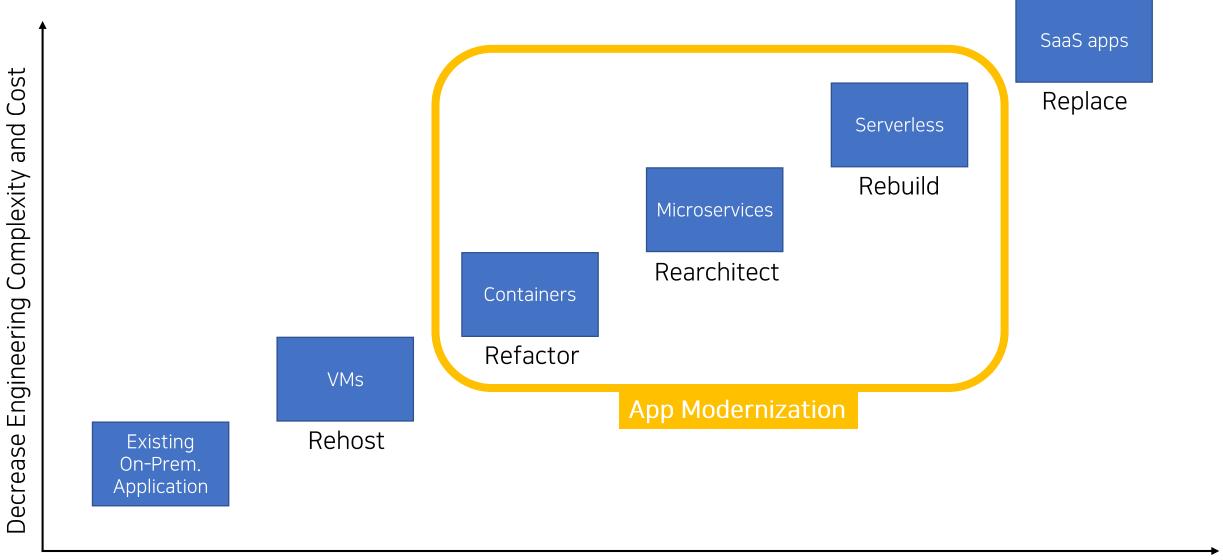
현재 Cloud App의 42% 는 새로운 요소와 기능이 추가될 것으로 예상

도입 전략





5R's of Application Modernization



Improvement: Agility, Time to Market, TCO, IT Simplication

CNCF Cloud Native Trail Map

- Containerization
- CI/CD
- Orchestration & Application Definition
- Observability & Analysis
- Service Proxy, Discovery & Mesh
- Networking, Policy & Security
- Distributed Database & Storage
- Streaming & Messaging
- Container Registry & Runtime
- Software Distribution

1. CONTAINERIZATION container being built, tested, and deployed to staging and eventually, perhaps, to production 3. ORCHESTRATION & **APPLICATION DEFINITION** 4. OBSERVABILITY & ANALYSIS

5. SERVICE PROXY, DISCOVERY, & MESH

LINKERD

7. DISTRIBUTED DATABASE & STORAGE

9. CONTAINER REGISTRY & RUNTIME

You can use alternative container runtimes. The most common,

is useful for service discovery
• Envoy and Linkerd each enable service

argo

6. NETWORKING, POLICY,

10. SOFTWARE DISTRIBUTION evaluate Notary, an implementation of The

& SECURITY

8. STREAMING & MESSAGING

Cloud Native

"Cloud native is structuring teams, culture, and technology to utilize automation and architectures to manage complexity and unlock velocity."

"Cloud Native란 팀과 문화 그리고 자동화 및 설계 기술을 구조화하여 복잡성을 통제하고 속도를 개선하는 것

> Joe Beda Co-Founder, Kubernetes and Principal Engineer, VMware



1>1-1>1 Cloud

유연하게, 안전하게 비즈니스에 힘이 되다.

